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C. R. PATTISON,

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Poetry.

FLORA BELLE.

BY J. WARREN WATSON.

Earnest blessings the afflicted
On her jetty ringlets pour;
She's a friend to all that know her,
She has lovers half a score!
She's the queen of every may-day,
And the pride of every ball,
But we know not who will win her
For she smiles upon them all!

E'en the statesman's voice is timid
When he seeks her for the dance,
And the brave of thirteen battles
Blushes crimson at her glance!
Genius trembles in her presence,
Clouded is his massive brow
Haughty wealth scarce hopes she'll listen
To his yet unuttered vow.

To the swain who asks approval
Answer thus her parents mild,
"Do not think of loving Flora,
Why! she's nothing but a child!"
Gentle, dark-eyed, little Flora!
Thou wouldst cause naught living pain,
Thou art fair as any primrose
That bedecks thy native plain!

May the orbs never dim with sorrow
Whence those sunbeam glances dart,
Nor the dagger false affection
Wound thy young confiding heart:
May the "frosts of many winters"
Leave untouched each glossy curl—
Would that thou couldst be forever
Little Flora—darling girl!

—*Waverley Magazine.*

From the Watchman & Reflector.

THE HUNGRY STUDENTS.

AN INCIDENT IN THE LIVES OF ROLLIN H. NEALE AND SAMUEL B. SWAIM.

[Read by Henry S. Washburn, at the recent festival of the Boston Baptist Social Union.]

Near where the shaft on Bunker Hill
Points upward to the sky,
The hosts of Zion gathered once,
To praise the Lord most high.

They came from hall and hamlet round,
And cast their offerings down,
And hallowed was the scene that day,
In that historic town.

Two manly men, young Levites they,
From Newton joined the throng,
And bowed with older prophets there,
In prayer and sacred song.

But little to sustain the flesh,
They'd eaten through the day,
When, with the setting of the sun,
They homeward took their way.

Their path lay near where Weston, then,
His flock with wisdom fed,
Where Jacobs, earnest man of God,
The tribes of Israel led.

And musing as they passed along
Where Harvard's shadows fell,
They wondered if that ancient shrine
Had not a tale to tell.

Of gifts misused, once offered there
In honor of His name,
Who, veiled in human form, upon
The plains of Bethlehem came.

From many a house along their way
The evening firelights gleamed,
And happy groups, round supper boards,
To them in Eden seemed.

So on they went, till all the stars
Of night began to shine,
And Watertown at length was reached,
As bells rang out for nine.

And weary with the walk they hailed
The ever open door
Of Deacon Coolidge, who had been
The student's friend before.

The deacon heard with joy the tale
Of all they saw that day,
How blessings fell upon the men
Who met to praise and pray.

Presuming that their mortal part
Has been as richly fed,
He took a candle quietly,
And led them off to bed.

Too modest they to give a hint,
Though sore by hunger pierced,
And supperless, these stalwart men
Lay down that night to rest.

But o'er that sleep, dear, balmy sleep,
Shut out from human ken
All knowledge of themselves, they thought
Of other hungry men—

How it were well the flesh at times
To crucify and slay,
How saints and sages fasted long
When they retired to pray.

And though the cup were bitter, still
It would be for the best;
It were enough, the Master gave
To His beloved, rest

Then praying that the Lord till morn
Would them in safety keep,
These famished students gradually
Fell off in quiet sleep.

Not long had they been slumbering,
When dreams stole o'er the brain
Of brother Neale, and lo! he dreamed,
That he was once again

Beside a table spread with all
A hungry man could eat;
And blessings he was asked to crave,
Upon the bread and meat.

So, dreaming on, with hands upraised,
Unconsciously he said,
"Good Master bless this bounty now
Before thy Servants spread"

His voice awoke his brother Swaim,
Who, starting as if hit,
Sprang up, exclaiming, "Brother Neale,
Pray tell me where is it?"

Alas! alas! twas all a dream;
No feast before them lay,
And wearily dragged on the hours
Until the break of day.

And not before the tardy sun
Had risen o'er the hill,
Did they at the good deacon's board
Their hungry stomachs fill.

Then Newton, pride of Baptists yet,
They reached with easy pace,
Where students still have appetites
In keeping with the place.

Thenceforward, as Time rolled along,
And visions came and went,
These prophets of the Lord recalled
That night of hunger spent;

And though it was like much they oft
Had seen along their way,
How life had passed just like a dream,
While they were growing gray.

How often, when the day was dark,
And they had prayed for bread,
The light appeared, and Heavenly Love
A feast of bounty spread.

To-night, the one in Glory walks,
In raiment white as snow;
The other, well beloved, remains
A little while below.

One sups with us, a pilgrim still
By storm and tempest driven;
The other sitteth at the feast
Of Christ, the Lamb in heaven.

And so we journey through this vale
Of sorrow and of dreams,
And often worn, and hungry, ford
Life's swiftly rolling streams;

And wait—but fear—yet long to pass
One swelling river more,
And clasp again the loved and lost,
Upon the shining shore.

Miscellaneous.

A TOUCHING STORY.

THE following narrative from a gentlemen in Boston, is true in every particular, and ought to leave an indelible impression upon the mind of every one who reads it, be they parents present or prospective.

A few weeks before he wrote, he had buried his eldest son, a fine, manly little fellow of some eight years of age, who had never, he said, known a day of ill'ness until that which finally removed him hence, to be here no more. His death occurred under circumstances which were peculiarly painful to his parents.

A younger brother, a delicate, sickly child from its birth, the next in age to him, had been down for nearly a fortnight with an epidemic fever. In consequence of the nature of the disease, every precaution had been adopted that prudence suggested to guard the other members of the family against it, But of this one the father's eldest, he said he had little to fear, so rugged was he, and so generally hearty. Still, however, he kept a vigilant eye upon him, and especially forbade his going into the pools and docks near his school, which it was his custom sometimes to visit; for he was but a boy and boys will be *boys*, and we ought more frequently to think that it is their *nature* to be.

One evening this unhappy father came home wearied with a long day's hard labor, and vexed at some disappointments, which had soured his naturally kind disposition, and rendered him peculiarly susceptible to the smallest annoyance. While he was sitting by the fire in this unhappy mood of mind, his wife entered the apartment and said:

"Henry has just come in and he is a perfect fright! He is covered from head to foot with dock mud, and is wet as a drowned rat."

"Where is he?" asked the father sternly.

"He is shivering over the kitchen fire. He was afraid to come up here when the girl told him you had come."

"Tell Jane to tell him to come here this instant," was the brief reply to this information.

Presently the poor boy entered, half perished with affright and cold. His father glanced at his sad plight, reproached him bitterly with his disobedience, spoke of the punishment which awaited him in the morning as the penalty of his offence, and in a harsh voice concluded with: "Now, sir, go to your bed."

"But father," said the little fellow, "I want to tell you"—

"Not a word sir, *go to bed!*"

"I only wanted to say, father, that"—

With a peremtory stamp, an imperative wave of his hand toward the door, and a frown upon his brow, did that father, without other speech, again close the door against explanation or expostulation.

When the boy had gone supperless and sad to his bed, the father sat restless and uneasy while supper was being prepared, and at the tea table ate but little. His wife saw the real cause of his emotion, and remarked:

"I think, my dear, you ought at least to have heard what Henry had to say. My heart ached for him when he turned away with his eyes full of tears. Henry is a good boy after all, if he does sometimes do wrong. He is a kind-hearted, affectionate boy. He always was."

And therewithal the water stood in the eyes of that tender mother, even as it stood in the eyes of Mercy, in the house of the Interpreter, as recorded by Bunion.

After tea the evening paper was taken up; but there was no news for that father that evening. He sat for some time in an evidently painful reverie, and then arose and repaired to his bed chamber. As he passed the bed-room where his little boy slept, he thought he would look in upon him before retiring to rest. He went to his low cot and bent over him. A big tear had stolen down the boy's cheek, and rested upon it; but he was sleeping calmly and sweetly. The father deeply regretted his harshness, as he gazed upon his son; he felt also the sense of duty; yet in the night, talking over the matter with the lad's mother, he resolved and promised, instead of punishing, as he had threatened, to make amends to the boy's aggrieved spirit in the morning, for the manner in which he had repelled all explanation of his offence.

But that morning never came to the poor child in health. He awoke next morning with a raging fever on his brain and wild with delirium. In forty-eight hours he was in his shroud. He knew neither his father nor his mother when they first called to his bedside, nor at any moment afterward. Waiting, watching for one token of recognition, hour after hour, in speechless agony did that father bend over the couch of his dying son. Once indeed he thought he saw a smile of recognition light up his dying eye, and he leaned eagerly forward, for he would have given worlds to have whispered one kind word in his ear, and been answered; but that gleam of apparent intelligence passed quickly away, and was succeeded by the cold unmeaning glare, and the wild tossing of the fevered limbs, which lasted until death come to his relief.

Two days afterward the undertaker came with the little coffin, and his son, a playmate of the deceased boy, bringing the low stools on which it was to stand in the entry hall.

"I was with Henry," said the lad, "when he got into the water. We were playing down at the Long Wharf, Henry, and Frank Mumford, and I, and the tide was out very low; and there was a beam run out from the wharf, and Charles got out on it to get a fish line and hook that hung over where the water was deep, and the first thing we saw, he had slipped off and was struggling in the water. Henry threw off his cap and jumped clear from the wharf into the water, and after a great deal of hard work got Charles out, and they waded up through the mud to where the wharf was so wet and slippery, and I helped them climb up the side. Charles told Henry not to say anything about it, for if he did his father would never let him go near the water again. Henry was verry sorry, and all the way home he kept saying, "what will father say when he sees me to-night? I wish we had not gone to the wharf."

"Dear, brave boy," exclaimed the bereaved father; "and this was the explanation which I so cruelly refused to hear!" And the hot and bitter tears rolled down his cheeks.

Yes! that stern parent now learned, and for the first time, that what he had treated with unwonted severity as a fault, was but the impulse of a generous nature, which, forgetful of self, had hazarded his life for another. It was but the quick prompting of that manly spirit which he himself had always endeavored to graft upon his susceptible mind, and which, young as he was, had already manifested itself on more than one occasion.

Let me close this story in the very words of that father, and let the lesson be engraven on the hearts of those who read this sketch.

Everything I now see that belonged to him reminds me of my lost boy. Yesterday I found some rude pencil sketches which it was his delight to make for the amusement of his younger brother. To-day in rummaging an old closet I came across his boots still covered with dock-mud, as when he last wore them. (You may think it strange, but that which is usually so unsightly an object, is now most precious to me.) And every morning and evening I pass the ground where my son's voice rang merriest among his playmates. All these things speak to me vividly of his active life; but I cannot—though I have often tried—I *cannot* reeall any other expression of the dear boy's face than that mute, mournful one with which he turned from me on the night I so harshly resulsed him. Then my heart bleeds afresh.

Oh, how careful should we all be in our daily conduct toward those little beings sent us by a kind *Providence*, that we are not laying up for ourselves the sources of many a bitter tear! How cautious that by neither inconsiderate nor cruel word or look, we unjustly grieve their generous feeling? And how guardedly ought we to weigh every action against its motive, less in a moment of excitement we be led to mete out to the venial errors of the heart the punishment due only to wilful crime.

Alas! perhaps how few parents suspect how often the fierce rebuke, the sudden blow is answered in their children by the tears, not of passion, not of physical or mental pain, but of a loving, yet grieved and outraged nature! I will add no word to reflections so true—no corrobative incident to an experience so touching!

Definitions Of Bible Terms.

A DAY'S journey was 33 and 1-5 miles. A Sabbath day's journey was about an English mile.

Ezekiel's reed was 11 feet, nearly.

A cubit is 22 inches, nearly.

A hand's breadth is equal to three and five eighth inches.

A finger's breadth is equal to one inch.

A shekel of silver was about fifty cents.

A shekel of gold was $8,09.

A talent of silver was $516,32.

A talent of gold was $13,309.

A piece of silver or a penny was 13 cents.

A farthing was three cents.

A gerah was one cent.

A mite was one and a half cents.

A homer contains seventy-five gallons and five pints.

A nepha or bath, contains seven gallons and five pints.

A bin was one gallon and two pints.

A firkin was seven pints.

An omer was six pints.

A cab was three pints.

From the Battle Creek Journal.

Infanticide, its Extent, Criminality, and our Duty in Regard to it.

BY A RESIDENT PHYSICIAN.

MR. EDITOR:—We desire to state through the medium of your journal, that a great crime is at this hour pervading all ranks of society;—a crime against the statutes of our Commonwealth, against nature, against God and His holy ordinances; but which remains undisturbed and unrebuked by any marked expression of public reprobation. It is scarcely noticed by the public press, and forgotten, or ignored by those who occupy the sacred desk. It is considered too delicate a subject to be discussed through the medium of the secular, or religious press, or declaimed against from the pulpit; yet there *must* be some appropriate way of reaching a crime which has permeated all ranks of society, and is sapping the very foundation of morality and religion. The word of God, and the insticts of humanity knows no such fastidiousness, and why should any man, who has a conscience, a tongue, or a pen? The crime to which we allude, is infanticide, or the murder of unborn infants. There may be some, we hope there are, who in the ignorance of innocence, may wonder why this subject is publically broached.

They may have read that this crime is practiced in Paris, and by the abandoned in large cities, and was frightfully prevalent in the dark ages, but the mass of our population are not thus ignorant. They know that it is nowhere more prevalent than in this country, and in this very city. It is a fearful crime to murder unborn innocents, fearful because it is always done with the consent of those whose duty it is to shield its helplessness. It is more frightful, inhuman, and God-defying than the edict of Herod, which made Egypt for a time desolate and uncheered by the prattle of babes. The crime of which we speak is a wilful violation of the first command of the decalogue, "thou shalt not kill;" and the individual, or community who deliberately sets at naught the wholesome laws prescribed for their government, in matters so vital, invites retribution and will assuredly be overtaken. This position we are prepared to demonstrate by the history of those, who in the past, have stained their souls, and depopulated cities and countries, by the practice of this crime.

But our present duty is to uncover and bring to light, and if possible force upon the consciousness of the community this "horror" as practiced in our midst to-day. There are men in this city, at this hour, who for a few paltry dollars murder innocents from day to day; men whose hands are dripping with the blood of slaughtered infants; men on whose souls rest the responsibility of mangled mothers, sent to a premature grave. Sinful, foolish, deluded patrons of these hell hounds, less merciful than the hyena, the more detestible than the fabled ghoul. These men dishonor and prostitute the sacred name and office of physician, making its mantle cover practices too horrible and sickening to name. We are aware that this is strong language, but we know whereof we speak, and are prepared to rebuke with indisputable facts, the cowardly fastidiousness that trembles in the presence of fashionable crime, or with folded hands are quietly acquiesing in the great overshadowing infamy of the age.

Let us look this question sqare in the face. Is the mercenary wretch, who is lost to every impulse of humanity, who deliberately kills for paltry dollars alone responsible for a crime that not only defies human but divine statutes? No! no! the very core of this trouble lies in, and is attributed to a debauched and demoralized public sentiment. Who, let us ask, are the patrons of these human vultures, "birds of ill-omen" who seek dark places for the perpetration of darker deeds? The truth must be told for the occasion demands it. It is the mothers, the wedded mothers of the land; the highest oftner than the low in the social scale. Those who love a fashionable life and its frivolities, rather than the duties and responsibilities of a rational existance.

This odious and damning crime is perpetrated everywhere, it battens within the pale of our churches, and finds willing defenders among all classes. The poor unfortunate maiden, who in a moment of human weakness becomes the victim of the seducer, but in whose bosom the maternal instinct is strong enough to brave the odium of the world, and preserve the life of her infant, is hooted, not only from the sanctuary of the christian, but from the pale of respectable society. Such are unfortunate, but before God are guiltlesss of crime. But she who conspires to destroy her infant to conceal her misfortune, taints her soul with blood, that will no more wash away than the blood clots could be washed from the hands of McBeth.

If it is "murder most foul," for an unmarried woman to destroy her infant for the purpose of concealing a misfortune that is social death to her, what should be thought and said of married women who are guilty of like practice, without any such incentive? As well might the fashion loving wife of this city, conspire with some mercenary assassin to slay two of her six children for convenience sake, because she immagined her family inconveniently large. This would doubtless be a proposition too shocking for her to entertain, yet the only difference is, in the manner of "taking off."

Let us consider this subject from another stand point. No mother who destroys, or submits to the distruction of her children in utero, can escape the penalty which God has *affixed* to the crime, however fortunate she may have been in avoiding that which the State has prescribed. Statistics prove beyond cavil, that only one death occurs to the mother in natural labor, where more than eighty result from abortion by violence. We can not doubt, in the light of these facts, that nature will assert her rights, and failing to secure a willing compliance, visit swift retribution upon those who attempt to defraud her.

What is the state of those who practice and survive this inhuman crime? Torture of mind and premature bodily decay, is a result, as certain as that effect follows cause, as certain as that God's providence controls us inexorably.

Child-bearing is a natural process, instituted by the Great Author of All: and the health of women in the aggregate depends largely upon her compliance with nature's ordinance, and the abortionist who pretends that the natural process of gestation can be violently interrupted without imminent danger to life and health, is an ignoramus, or a monster who deserves the execration of all good men and women.

A carefully prepared statistical volume by Horatio R. Stower M. D., L. L. D., late Professor of Obstetries and Medical Jurisprudence, published during the present year, lies before us. From this volume we transfer a few facts which will serve the purpose for which this article is designed. "In the city of New York from 1805 to 1849 the ratio of foetal deaths to the whole population had increased from one in 1863 to one in 340." "The actual number of foetal deaths in New York from 1850 to 1857 had very nearly doubled." The highest ratio of foetal mortality in foreign countries is Belgium. This is one in 16. But in this free and Christian country it is one in eight. "Since 1850 in the great State of Massachusetts, the increase of births over deaths has been wholly of foreign and catholic origin. But for this influx of foreigners, and their natural increase, the population of that wealthy State would remain stationary, or actually decrease. Add to this, that the ratio of children to each family has diminished by more than one half, and the inference is plain. Is it supposed that the other States of the Union are better than Massachusetts? No, the barbarous heathenish crime is everywhere. Space will not allow us to continue further quotations from Prof. Storer's valuable work at this time. Enough has been selected we feel certain, to direct public attention to the alarming prevalence of criminal abortion here and elsewhere.

An Innocent Man Serves Seven and a half Years in a Michigan State Prison.

From the Jackson Patriot.

In the fall of 1851 there was a steamboat plying the lakes, called the Globe, owned by two brothers named Robinson. One of these brothers was second engineer of the boat, and during one of her trips a passenger by the name of Karney went into the engine-room and attempted to interfere with the running of the boat. Robinson gave him a push and he fell upon the shafting, when one of the boat hands came up and kicked him in the jaw with such force as to break it. Karney sprang up, drew a knife and stabbed Robinson in the breast, killing him instantly. He then stabbed a man by the name of Cummins, one of the boats hands. He was seized, lashed to the boat and carried to Mackinaw, where he was turned over to the civil authorities. After having his jaw dressed by a physician he was taken to Detroit and lodged in jail, where he remained four months, and then, with others, he made his escape before being brought to trial. A reward of one thousand dollars was offered by the authorities for his capture, but he had probably fled to some other country and succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the detectives. Ten years after this, in the year 1861, Edward Murphy, who was then living in Chicago, was arrested and charged with being the escaped criminal. He was taken to Mackinaw and there tried for the murder of Robinson, and convicted of the crime and sentenced to solitary confinement in the Michigan State Prison for life. The witnesses against him were Cummins, the man who had been stabbed on the boat, and a man by the name of Ladroot, who was turnkey at the jail in Detroit at the time Karney made his escape. They pretended to identify Murphy in consequence of his having lost one of his little fingers at the second joint, which was the case with the real murderer, but the fact was that Murphy had lost his five years after the murder had been committed. These two witnesses, however, swore point-blank that he was the man, and upon their evidence he was convicted, and, as stated above, served seven and a half years in solitary confinement in the State Prison. He finally succeded, after so many years of suffering, in establishing his innocence by proviug an *alibi*, and was released from prison in March last.

It is supposed the two witnesses entered into a conspiracy against Murphy for the purpose of obtaining the reward which had been offered for the capture of Karney, and their scheme proved successful, although they received only six hundred dollars of the money.

Murphy is now an old man, broken down in spirit and constitution, and is destitute of means. He proposes to petition the Legislature for relief.

A MODEST and well dressed young woman lately entered a justice's office in Chicago, and requested that the oath of total abstinence be administered to her; she had a love for intoxicating liquors which she could not subdue, and wished to "swear off" entirely.

The Commercial.

Free to Do Right—to Do Wrong, Never.

YPSILANTI,---.JAN. 30, 1869.

THE PROPOSED RAIL ROAD.

Let us reason on this subject. Why should any citizen oppose this road?

1st. *Because it will not be of any benefit to us.* Look at Jackson and Kalamazoo. Both of these cities have nearly doubled in population the last three years. Like Ypsilanti stagnant for years. The Rail Road spirit stirred up their lethargic energies. The very talk of a Rail Road inspired business and increased the value of real estate, and when their Rail Roads became a fact a new impetus was felt. One road gives place for another and these cities are growing amazingly. The projected road here will soon make desirable a connection with the Northern sections of the State at Holly. The very talk of a road in Ypsilanti is putting the life blood into us, and the certainty of a road, (if we only do our duty), is causing our citizens to walk with more erect and manly step. Real estate is already feeling the stimulus.

2d. *It will not only prove of no benefit, but an absolute injury.* (*a.*) *Saline and inland towns will be built up at our expense.* This is the argument that our old fogy grand-fathers used to bring to bear against all improvements and especially Rail Roads. What would Ypsilanti be were it not for the Michigan Central? People who talk in this way ought to emigrate at once among the Digger Indians. Saline will grow, of course it will. It will become a grand produce market, double its population, and our merchants will sell to the citizens of Saline $10,00 worth of merchandise to $1,00 now. Many a man and many a woman possessed of a few dollars will jump on to the cars and come to Ypsilanti to buy their family goods and groceries. Ypsilanti will at the same time thribble its population. On the same grounds Detroit should oppose communication with Ypsilanti. Forsooth Ypsilanti will grow at the expense of Detroit. It is too ludricous an argument for a sane business man to advance. (*b.*) *But taxation is going to eat us up. Nonsense.* Other cities are growing prodigiously under this taxing process. If a business man by expending $1,00 can see $5,00 in a reasonable time, we would all say he is a fool if he don't expend the dollar. $75,000,00 for such an object as a Rail Road is a mere bagatelle, it is a drop in the bucket compared with our resources, and the benefits to be realized. $75,000,00 to secure an advantage to us worth double this sum annually. We should hang our heads in shame and look upon ourselves with infinite disgust to be compelled to say to citizens of other towns we were *too* penusious, *too* short-sighted to expend a fair present consideration for a future benefit and thus allowed it to pass from our grasp, and now we are constrained to acknowledge that our city is dwindling, our real estate depreciated in value, hemmed in as we are on every side by Rail Roads. But we don't give this sum absolutely we become stockholders and such a road as the Hillsdale can never be for any length of time below par. (c.) *But our money lenders will suffer and will leave Ypsilanti,* and we shall become a poor, God-forsaken, moniless community.

(Answer.) If Rail Roads are built South of us and East and West and Ypsilanti continues to retrograde we shall *all* want to leave. We shall become so poor that it wont pay the money lenders to stay here and pick us. Leave! where will our respectable citizens who loan money go to? To the rising communities of the West; these communities are building Rail Roads. Don't be alarmed, they will stay right here in Ypsilanti and invest their money in real estate and double on it. A Rail Road or roads will bring such good chances to make money that you could not get rid of them if you wanted to. Such men are always slow to move, mightily afraid of being bled, but once bled and advantaged they cry out bleed away.

Friends, money lenders, allow me to give you a piece of good advice. The Rail Road is coming. The men of Ypsilanti, the middle men if you please, business men, and men of small means, owners simply of residences or money all invested in business, the laboring men *will* it. Now turn your bonds and mortgages, your ready means into real estate as soon as practicable. If we had $50,000 to invest we would invest it in real estate in Ypsilanti in less than 48 hours. Act upon this hint and if in less than five years you don't thank us for the advice it will be because your rapid increase in riches has hardened your heart and rendered you incapable of gratitude. The fact is Ypsilanti has come to the most important crisis in its history. It is a case of progression or retrogression, of going back or going forward, of life or death. Thank God, our citizens are awakened to this fact and this consciousness of our peril will save us.

LANSING CORRESPONDENCE.

LANSING, Jan. 26, 1869.

Editor Ypsilanti Commercial.

Business and legislation move along with us here, very much like the weather, pleasant and pretty dry. Everything appears to be well done. "In the house," and "In the Senate," and "In the market." But neither business nor legislation seem to be enlivened with any noticeable zest, or peculiar interest.

The city of Lansing, as a market for agricultural products, is not inferior, perhaps to any town in the interior of the State.

Our dealers pay the highest price for every variety of farm exports, they can afford to do so, because their facilities for shipment are good, and connect with all parts of the country.

Measures are now being taken to encourage here in some material and inviting way, more extensive and various manufacturing operations, those measures, will, it is hoped, and believed, induce manufacturing capitalists to commence operations here, the approaching season, or at least, very soon.

No very great deal of "talk," or "debate," has taken place as yet in either house of the legislature.

"Presentation of petitions is still in order," and they come pretty freely in behalf of Rail Roads; for the extension of time for the collection of taxes.

Rail Roads appear to your correspondent to be most clearly, a public benefit, and hence ought to be encouraged to the full extent of the public interest.

But the extension of time for the collection of taxes is not so clearly a *public* benefit. It is not sought so much for the relief of the "poor," or "hard-up" tax payer, as for the benefit of the treasurers. The longer the time these officers can have for the collection of a few of "the slowest on the list," just so much longer may the whole amount be an interest for and to the advantage of the treasurers, however that may be, the members who present these petitions may be meeting in the most easy way some obligation they may honestly owe to their constituency.

The subject on which the greater number of petitions come before the "constitutional convention," has not, so far as I am informed, been brought over before the present Legislature. The question of license, or no license, of prohibition, or no restriction in the sale of liquors, does not seem to be forward for discussion.

Have the people forgotten this important question or do they think law as it now is, which has made them tronble, but never brought an end to trouble, is all that is needed. Or have some of our temperance leaders become discouraged, and have given up all ordinary means of reaching the great evil of intemperance. And through an ambitious resolution, have resolved to form a party in the state which shall be known, and act, as "The Temperance Party." This last resort will be most unwise.

If such a party is formed, it will be one which cannot, and will not, long exist. Temperance men should be most judicious in the employment of their forces. They have to deal with a most important, a vital interest. They cannot afford to risk it in the hands of a party, extemporized from the elements which must compose such a party if formed at the present time.

If it be said the present law is all that is needed, we may confidently reply, *it is not* all that is needed, and appeal to its history in support of our position. It has not stopped, nor regulated the retail of intoxicating drinks. What is the trouble? The penalty is too light. The first offense, "ten dollars," the next something more, and so on.

The chance for the dealer is too good, or, rather, it not hard enough. In every suit which may be brought, the defense has an easier time than the prosecution. His fine is less than the trouble and expense of prosecution, and thus the *friends* of intoxicating drink, have the advantage of the friends of temperance.

It remains yet to be seen if the present Legislature will give us a law, with a penalty which shall prevent the first, or at least a second violation.

* * *

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

We have always regarded this office as a leech on the public treasury. Our Legislators seemingly can never be satisfied, and thus additional offices are constantly being made to draw money from the people. The sooner the law constituting this tribe of office-holders is repealed, the better for the people and as well for education.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE

Is before the Legislature, and of course will be submitted. We hope not however until the next general election, fall of 1870. Let the issue be thoroughly discussed, and before the people long enough to ensure a favorable verdict. By that time affairs down south will be settled, at least it is to be hoped that such will be the case.

THE UNIVERSITY—THE LEGISLATURE—AND HOMŒOPATHY

The University is again besieging the Legislature for help without the proviso demanding a Homœopathic Professor. The gents have treated the Legislature with supreme contempt, and we shall not blame the Legislature if they spurn the request from their presence. But there is a way opening up now to suit all parties, give the University one half or a fair share of the monies accruing now $30.000 and with the other half take possesion of our museum, or building on Normal Grounds intended for this purpose and establish a Homœopathic College. The building with some alterations could not be bettered for the purpose in view, near Ann Arbor and contigious to the Detroit Hospitals. Our citizens will do the fair thing. We trust our honorable representatives in the Legislature will watch this thing.

Communicated.

For the Commercial.

MR. EDITOR:—We propose entering into no controversy whatever on the subject of Romanism, but we confess to being amused at the alacrity with which your correspondent fitted the words "corrupt church" to his own shoulders. As he desires our *authority* for using those words, we will give it to him. As to considering the desire "impertinent" on his part, by no means, my dear sir. We are *always* happy to render any information in our power. And we will first refer him to the *Bible*, principally to the *four Gospels* and the *Epistles*. Next let him read the works of the fathers, including *St. Chrysostom, St. Jerome, Origen* and *St. Basil*. Then "Barrow on the Pope," "Mosheim," "D'Aubeigne," "Russel," and "Robertson." These we think will be quite sufficient. Now regarding the inquirer's next question, we affirm the pure and undefiled religion of Jesus Christ to be in the Church that emerged with Apostolic dignity, at the Reformation, from the clouds and darkness that had been gathering for nearly *eight hundred years*. Our faith as an Episcopalian we rest upon the embodiment of divine truth as contained in the thirty-nine articles of our Church, which he will find in the Prayer Book. And in conclusion we would jog his memory of History, when he will surely remember, that by the testimony of Hume Lingard, Burnet, and by the lives of Cardinal Wolsey, Sir Thomas Thore and Cramner, Henry VIII *did not reform* the Church, but merely, by an act of Parliament in 1534, *changed* the "Supreme head of the Church" from the *Pope's shoulders to his own.* He retained Romish doctrines, condemned those who differed from him, and died in the Roman faith. Our inquiring friend will find the proof of this in the "law of the six articles," passed by Parliament in the year 1539, (see Hume and Russel.) Of course, if he rejects this historical evidence, he rejects all history of the world. But even if Henry VIII were one of many instances of a wicked man being an instrument in the hands of God, may we not just *mention* the character of *Pope Alexander VI* as quite as strange a receptacle of pure religion? We repeat, as we commenced, that while we shall enter into no controversy with those who may differ from us in doctrine, we shall always, as in our first article, defend our church from any wanton assault which lacks *truth* or *foundation.*

"EPISCOPALIAN."

Condition of the South.--Southern Revenge.--Our poor, suffering, brave Soldier Boys.

Editor Ypsilanti Commercial:

THERE appeared in the last edition of your paper, (January 23,) an article relative to the alledged death of a young man formerly of this city, and whom it now appears is still alive. Being somewhat connected in regard to the aforesaid rumor, now in circulation in our city, as also another rumor, in which I am more directly brought into public conversation, I therefore wish to make the following statement of facts, which may bring into consideration the manner in which "those who fought for the preservation of the *Union* and the *extermination* of a *curse* which has o'ershadowed our country from its birth," are treated by the "*chivalrous sons*" of that once "so-called Southern Confederacy."

It is well known to all, that the vicissitudes of camp life were such that one who had not reached the age of maturity, could hardly be expected to possess that stability to be found in others farther advanced in life. "Consider this,"

Now, the difference between the Northern and Southern people is materially this: Those of the North have the sense of right, and wrong, while those South have but the sense of "*right*" at home, and nothing but "*wrong*" abroad, (and a great many have *no sense* of right or wrong.

If a person be a native of a Northern State, and has ever served in the "Federal Army," he has "no business" South, (so considered there.) AND WHY? Simply because he's a *Yankee*, "he's fought agin we'an, and we'an'll salivate him afore he gits away." Such expressions are daily heard. If they have no fair pretense for their salivating process (as they term it), they will not hesitate to substitute an unfair one in its place. If they cannot get you *fair* they will get you *foul*, but get you they will, and it is generally foul, "fouler than foulest means they take to do it."

Details are not necessary. Examine the records or annual reports of Southern prisons, and you will find that over seventy per cent. of the inmates are young men; young men "who have fought for their country, and in defence of the *stars and stripes.*"—Young men who sought labor among people whom they thought to be upright, honorable, and hospitable. Alas! for the honor—it fell with the confederacy, and the consequences are that many of our Northern boys are incarcerated within the walls of Southern prisons. And what has sent them there? Is it the commission of some crime? This is frequeatly the case. But alas! it is too often otherwise; and through prejudice and *dastaraly hankering* for revenge, the innocent are punished with the guilty. I speak from personal knowledge, and would say to friends of the young man in question, that they need consider it NO DISGRACE that he is in a Southern Prison.

That he was alive, a short time since I had proof. It fell to my lot not long since, to be introduced into a certain building and informed that I could reside there without charge, with privilidge of Shop for work.

It appears that said "dead man" had been and was, still living in another part of the same enclosure, by some means he was afterwards brought and placed in the same Shop where my daily attendance was required.

The sequel is this—matters transpired that I ought not to be there, and was accordingly released from all further responsibilities, he remains there for a short time.

My being non-conversant upon the subject heretofore, was by his special request.

S. M. P.

P. S.—In a communication just received, the keeper seems to throw a blind over the matter—acknowledging that a person by the same name is there, but is not the person whom we represent. We may be mistaken, but if so, it is miraculous to us.

Hearth and Home.

THIS NEW WEEKLY comes to us enriched with beautiful pictures. The Jersey Shore is splendid. The reading matter superb. A splendid picture "The Village Pet," will begin to all subscribing with number begining Feb. 1st.

TERMS.

Single copies, $4, invariably in advance; three copies, $10; five copies, $15. Any one sending us $45 for a club of fifteen copies (all at one time), will receive a copy free.

Drafts or money-orders preferred, to prevent chances of loss by mail. Postage on HEARTH AND HOME to all parts of the country is only 20 cents a year, or 5 cents a quarter, payable at the office where the paper is delivered.

No travelling agents employed. Address all communications to

PETTENGIL, BATES & CO.,
Publishers
37 Park Row, New-York.

To-Day's Advertisements.

New Orleans Minstrels,

—AT—

HEWITT HALL,

MONDAY, February 1st.

Conspicuous amongst the talent of this world famous organization may be found

MISS MAUD STANLEY,
The Great Prima Donna;

MRS. NELLIE GORTON,
The Accomplished Pianist;

MR. HANK GOODMAN,
The Prince of Ethiopian Comedians;

MR. TOMMY O'NEIL,
The Lion Banjoist;

MR. WM. CONVERSE,
This Eminent Interlocutor;

MR. JOHN MANNING,
The Champion Song and Dance Man;

MR. L. P. BENJAMIN,
The only Soloist in the world who executes passages on the E Flat Cornet, reaching the fourth added line above the Treble staff

MR. WALTER WENTWORTH,
The Great American Contortionist, whose feats are frightful to behold, assisted by Gorton's Splendid Cornet Band, composed of both Ladies and Gentlemen, using the celebrated Schreiber Patent Water Valve Instruments.

Admission, 50 cents. Children, 25c.

Choice Groceries for Sale, AT HORNER'S.

ALSO FOR SALE or Exchange, for Real Estate, my stock of Groceries, and also

MY HOUSE AND LOT,

On Cross street, fourth house from the depot, north side of street, corner lot. Pleasant location, choice Fruit, Vines and Shrubbery, good Spring, good Cistern, also House and Barn. Call and see.

257w3 W. K. HORNER, at Depot.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,

Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to the directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the coughs, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schench, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills and fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs, in some way are diseased, either tubercles, absgesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast dedaying. In such cases, what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now, the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and, as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see DR. Schenck, unless patients want their lungs examined; and for this purpose he is professionally at his principal office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

Price for the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

For sale by all druggists. 256y1

New Advertisements.

The Great Novelty!

THE ILLUMINATED

'WESTERN WORLD'

Printed in Oil Colors!

A Marvel of Beauty and Cheapness:

Contains the Superb Romance

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"By the Author of the Dead Letter."

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By the ever popular A. S. Roe.

Also, complete Stories, Graphic Sketches, Poetry, &c.

Each number, besides other illustrations contains a SPLENDID CARTOON, in Oil Colors, *well worthy of framing.*

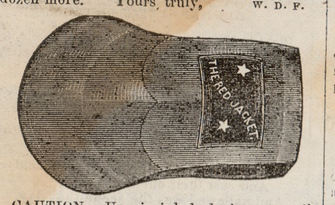
Terms, $3 per year [52 Numbers.]

For sale by all News dealers. Sample copy sent free. FRENCH & WHEAT,
122 Nassau Street, New-York.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 10, 1868.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL:

The people seem to be crazy about your Red Jacket Axes. Please send me twenty dozen more. Yours, truly, W. D. F.



CAUTION.—Unprincipled dealers are selling Axes painted red, as the Red Jacket Axe. The good qualities of this axe consist in its superior *cutting* qualities, not in the red paint. The "Red Jacket" is for sale by all responsible hardware dealers and the manufacturers.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sole Owners of Colburn's and Red Jacket Patents.

Wanted, Agents, $10 to $200 per month, everywhere, male & female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON-SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord bind, braid, and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Boston, Mass, or St. Louis, Mo.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Honey, Glycerine, Elder Flowor, Boquet and Balm.

In quality, style and perfume warranted equal to the English, and sold fully 50 per ct. cheaper, which accounts for the great falling off in the demand for the foreign Soaps, and the unpreecedented success of the

American Company Toilet Soaps,

Now sold everywhere in the United States.

McKEONE, VAN HAAGEN & CO.,
Sole Manf'rs. Philadelphia and New York.

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How to Make the Farm Pay.

How the Farmer may double the value of his land; make three times as much out of stock; and how all the profits of the farm can be more than doubled. Farmers, farmers' sons, experienced book agents and others, wanted to take agencies in every community. Commissions $100 to $250 *per month*, according to ability and energy. Circulars giving full description sent free. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill; St. Louis, Mo.

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Secrets of the Great City.

A Work descriptive of the *Virtues*, and the *Vices*, the *Mysteries*, *Miseries* and *Crimes* of *New York City.*

If you wish to know how fortunes are made and lost in a day; How shrewd men are ruined in Wall Street; How countrymen are swindled by sharpers; How ministers and merchants are blackmailed; How dance halls and concert saloons are managed; How gambling houses and lotteries are conducted; How stock and oil companies originate and how the bubbles burst, read this work. It contains over 30 fine engravings, tells all about the mysteries and crimes of New York, and is the spiciest and cheapest work of the kind published.

Only $2.75 Per Copy.

☞Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

CAUTION.—Inferior works of a similar character are being circulated. See that the books you buy contain over 30 fine engravings and sell at $2 75 per copy.

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Will color gray hair a permanent black or brown. Sold everywhere. Sent by mail for $1.25.

Address WM. PATTON, Treasurer,
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☞OFFICIAL

HISTORY OF THE WAR,

Its Causes, Character, Conduct & Result

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Its ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphai, Pa., or Cincinnati, Ohio.

Wanted Agents To sell the American KNITTING MACHINE. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to Agents. Address,
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TO GENTLEMEN ONLY!

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AGENTS, FARMERS, GARDNERS and Fruit Growers. Send for particulars of "*Best's Improved Fruit Tree and Vine Invigorator and Insect Destroyer.*" Samples to test will be forwarded to any part of the United States *and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Good Agents* are wanted in every county in the United States. Address J. AHEARN, 63 Second Street, Baltimore, Md.

NOTICE, HEIRS.

A COMPLETE CERTIFIED LIST OF HEIRS to property in Europe, furnished for $1, by REDDIN BROS., Post-office box 530 Weashington, D. C. References in St. Louis, the Messrs. Ashbrook.

DANIEL WEBSTER

Wrote: "The longer I live, the more highly do I estimate the Christian Sabbath, and the more grateful do I feel toward those who impress its importance on the community. [No. 1

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PRINTER.

WITH one of our presses, and the material accompanying it, every man can do his own printing thus saving much time and expense. Circulars containing full information about these Presses, prices, recommedations, &c., mailed free on application.—Specimen books of types, cuts, borders, &c. &c., 10 cts. DAVID WATSON,
Ag't Adams Press Co.,
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We Beat them All.

OUR GREAT ONE DOLLAR SALE is the best in the country. We give more and better goods than can be obtained of any other house in the business or from any store in the country. Our terms to Agents exceed all others. Agents wrnted everywhere. Send for circular. Address R. H. FLINN & Co., 81 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

WE ARE ON HAND!

And are prepared on account of our immense increase of business, and of the depression in merchandise of all kinds, to offer to our Agents and the public, not only cottons, but all kinds of goods at *Less Prices* than ever before offered.

Any person that will send to us for printed notice of 60 articles, with $5 enclosed can receive

FREE OF COST,

A selection of one of the following articles: Misses' Fur Muff and Tippett, Silver Plated Ice Pitcher, Lepine Watch, Wool Long Shawl, 1 pair blankets, &c. &c.

For additional particulars, send for our new circular for 1869. THOS. L. F NNO & Co.
No. 52 Elm Street, Boston, Mass.

MONTHLY

TRADE CIRCULAR For January, 1869.

CONTAINING a list of valuable and useful articles, ror sale at ONE DOLLAR each; also liberal inducements for forming Clubs.

It also contains information, which we think, will be important to any person sending money to the Gift Enterprise One Dollar Concerns.

It is the opinion of some of our City and State officials, that if this circular is circulated in all parts of the country, it would be the means of saving a great deal of money, which is now lost by sending to these unlawful concerns. On account of our immense trade, and of the depreciation in merchandise, we are now offering to agents better inducements than ever before offered. Copies sent free to any address.

ANDREWS & Co.,
54 Elm St., [formerly 100 Sudbury St.]
Boston, Mass.

Don't Read This IMPORTANT!

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS LARGER THAN EVER!

100 PER CENT.

Saved by clubbing together, and buying COTTON CLOTH, DRESS GOODS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, BLANKLTS, SHAWLS, &c. &c., together with Boots and Books, Cutlery, Silver-plated Ware, Castors, Fancy Goods, &c., of

Eastman & Kendall,

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Licensed Wholesale Dealers by the U. S.

Established 1364.

THE goods sold by us are described in printed slips or checks, which are sent to any address at the rate of ten cents each, in clubs of ten, twenty, thirty, forty, sixty, one hundred, one hundred and fifty, two hundred &c. For a dollar the receiver can buy the article described in the check, or exchange it for any one of two or three hundred articles in our circular. As a guarantee of the worth of every article sold by us, any article on our checks can be exchanged for a White Bed Quilt or a Silver-plated Revolving Table Caster, with five bottles. Read what the great paper of the Northwest, the Toledo *Blade*. (Nasby's paper,) says of us:

"WHAT WE SAW AT THE 'HUB.'—Curiosity led us, while recently in Boston, to visit the Dollar establishment of Eastman & Kellogg. Their trade has become so immense that they now occupy four stories in the elegant block No. 65 Hanover Street. The name of this firm has become as familiar as household words throughout the middle and western states, while as prompt and honorable business men they are endorsed by the best firms in their own city. Their club system of selling goods has done more we believe during the past few years, to keep down the prices of domestic articles in every day use than all other influences combined. Most of their goods are manufactured expressly for them, as for instance, cutlery made to their order in Sheffield, England, and imported in large quantities for their dollar trade alone."

☞Now is the time to get signers and send in clubs.—Ladies specially wanted as agents.

Partial List of articles allowed as commission to any one sending in clubs:

CLUB OF THIRTY. ($3.) 21 yards bleached or unbleached Cotton Cloth, photograph album, 100 pictures, elegant morocco binding. Revolving oval band. Silver plated table castor, 5 bottles; ladies' dress pattern, a lady's richly ornamented black walnut writing desk, fancy cassimere pants pattern, large white all linen table cover, white lancaster counterpane, 20 yards calico, alhambra bed quilt, ladies' morocco shopping bag, good cottage clock.

CLUB OF SIXTY. ($6.) 42 yds. Bleached or unbleached Cotton, fashionable dress pattern, 3 1-2 yards wool cassimere for pants and vest pattern, fashionable woolen shawl, white marseilles counterpane, lady's large genuine morocco shopping bag, lady's fashionable cloak pattern, pair good white woolen blankets, black alpaca dress pattern, 4 yards double-width water proof cloaking, 6 yards farmers' good Wool frocking, rose wood brass alarm clock, lady's fur muff, set misses furs muff and collar.

CLUB OF ONE HUNDRED. $10. 65 yards good bleached or unbleached cotton cloth one yard wide, lady's or gent's new silver hunting case watch, fashionable thibet dress pattern, elegant black alpaca dress pattern, one pair of good white woolen blankets, large size; lady's fashionable double woolen shawl, two large fine bleached linen table covers, with one dozen large sized dinner napkins to match; 25 yards hemp carpeting, 7 1-2 yards fine cassimere for suit, one doxen ivory handled steel bladed knives and forks, one dozen rogers' best silver plated forka on white metal, portable sewing and embroidering machine, 7 1-2 yards double width water proof cloaking, set of furs, muff and collar.

It is impossible to give a complete list of goods, but agents desiring articles not named above, will please mention them, and we will accommodate them if possible. If you have a club ready, or intend to raise one for any other house, *don't fail to send it to us, and at the same time ask for our New Circular and Mammoth Exchange List.* Parties acting as agents for other dollar houses in this city, will please send us their address, and that of a dozen or so of their male and female friends as we can make it for their advantage to do so. Male and female agents wanted as usual.

Send money in registered Letters in every instance, and we guarantee that it will come perfectly safe.

N. B.—Our sale should not be classed with dollar jewelry sales and gift enterprises.—Send to us for decision respecting our business by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, dated Washington, Nov. 4, 1868. If you want prompt returns for your money, send your clubs to

EASTMAN & KENDALL,
P. O. Box E. 65 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

Don't Read the Above.

TO PHYSICIANS,

NEW-YORK, August 15th, 1867.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, Long Leaf, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement by liquor obtained from Juniper Berries, containing very little sugar, a small proportion of spirit, and more palatable than any now in use. The active properties are by this mode extracted.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists generally is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this [its active principle] leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates: the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacepœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exists. In this you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.

With a feeling of confidence,
I am very respectfully,
H. T. HEMBOLD,

Chemist and Druggist, of 16 years experience in Philadelphia, and now located at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New-York.

[From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.]

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Hembold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Sts., Philadelphia.

HEMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, for weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil, in fact Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMCOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, in affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudence in, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU in all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slightly may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price $1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Describe symtoms in all communications,

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

None are genuine unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

Dec&Jan. H. T. HELMBOLD.

Local Matters.

County Convention.

Meets at Ann Arbor next Wednesday; February 3d, to nominate delegates to the Republican State Convention, which meets at Lansing, on the 10th, also to elect delegates to the Judicial Convention of the 4th Circuit, also to nominate a County Superintendent. For nominee for Judge of the 4th Judicial District, we would respectfully submit the name of Judge Ninde of this city.

Railroad Meeting.

LAST Saturday evening a large meeting was held at Follett Hall. The Mayor, P. Davis, was called to the chair, and F. Bogardus appointed Secretary. Hon. S. M. Cutcheon, after some able remarks, detailing the history of the Railroad projects so far as Ypsilanti was related, showing the feasibility of the Hillsdale route, and in a thoroughly searching manner the necessities of Ypsilanti, its retrograde condition, a veritable case of life or death with us, introduced the following resolutions:

Whereas, The projected "Detroit, Hillsdale and Indiana Railroad," intersecting the Michigan Central Road, at this point, would prove of great benefit to our city;

And Whereas, To secure its speedy construction will require liberal subscriptions to its stock, either by our city or by the citizens thereof;

And Whereas, Municipal aid presents the most equitable method of securing such public benefit, therefore,

Resolved, 1. That the citizens here present recommend that the city of Ypsilanti, as soon as appropriate legislation will allow, subscribe to the stock of said Road a sum not less than $50.000 and not more than $75.000.

2. That in the opinion of this meeting such subscription should be met by issue of the Bonds of the city drawing not to exceed eight per cent. interest, the principal sum payable in fifteen equal annual payments after five years from the issue thereof.

Mr. Joslin proposed an amendment making the sum $50.000. An excited discussion arose, participated in by Messrs. Cutcheon, Gilbert, Jenness, Bogardus and Blodget. Mr. Gilbert told some telling truths, depicting the downward career of Ypsilanti since Mr. Benjamin Follett's death, no leading man imbued with a business spirit and comprehending the needs of Ypsilanti, having arisen to take his place. The amendment was voted down and the original resolutions passed.

Farmers' Trade Association.

The annual meeting for the election of officers was held last Saturday. The meeting was characterized by commendable unanimity. The report for the last year is really cheering. The little capital, $8.957 has been turned over thirty-five times in three years. A dividend of ten per cent. upon the capital stock is declared to the sixty-six stockholders.

We take the following from the report.—Our readers are mostly aware that Mr. Lee Yost has been Superintendent the past two years:

"The Board learn with extreme regret that the Superintendent deems it imprudent, on account of failing health to longer continue with us. To his untiring efforts in our behalf, is due much of the success which has attended us as a corporation; and its welfare could not have been more carefully fostered, had he been the Proprietor instead of Superintendent. We can only express the hope that the management hereafter may fall in as worthy hands."

The following are elected officers for the ensuing year: J. Webster Childs, Prest; E. L. Kimmel, Vice Pres; Edwin F. Uhl, Secy; Directors, L. D. Norris, R. Campbell, E. M. Cole, L. R. Brown. G. Sherwood, Lee Yost, Wm. Dexter, John Huston, 2d, F. C. Crittenden.

Chas. Holmes, Jr.,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, hands us the following recent transactions:

Whitmarsh to O. W. Holt, 40 acres in Augusta.

Betsey Seymour to M. C. Gregg, house and lot on Prospect street, $1600.

Patrick Carroll to Kelsey, two houses and lots on Mill street, $1800.

Kelsey to Carroll, 120 acres in Sumpter $2400.

O. W. Holt to W. L. Coryell. 80 acres in Augusta, $1800.

W. L. Coryell to O. W. Holt, house and lot on Mill street, $1.800.

We see that Real Estate is beginning to move, and earlier in the season than usual. January is one of the dullest months in this respect, every one being content with paying taxes and other bills; yet we are advised the business of the Register Office of this county has been larger this present month than any other during the administration of the present incumbent. This certainly looks well for other parts of the county, and points to increased activity in this line here if we will it. The securing to Ypsilanti of a new Railroad will, we confidently believe, enhance the value of real estate full 50 per cent., and this we consider a low estimate. We shall look for many transactions the coming spring, and if the citizens of this city and community wish to see their population increase and property rise in value, they should *one and all* put their shoulder to the wheel and help on the Rail Road. We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of Mr. Holmes, in another column.

Magazine Notices.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA.—This sprightly little Magazine has entered prosperously upon the third year of its existence, and become an indispensable visitor in all those households where it is known. There are many other juvenile periodicals, some older, some younger than this popular favoite, but there are none for the children like "darling" YOUNG AMERICA, so we must, perforce, believe it to be the best, and congratulate the publisher on the great success of his little undertaking. $1.50 Yearly. Published at 838 Broadway, New York.

We understand that three marriages are to take place at the Catholic Church in this city, next Monday at 9 o'clock A. M.

Editor Commercial:

DEAR SIR—We understand that Alderman Gray introduced a resolution in the Council Monday evening, suppressing gambling, and stated in his remarks in support of it, that he believed the evil had obtained to a great magnitude, and unless it was checked our city would become notorious for crime—saying nothing of the misery likely to accrue. We endorse the resolution and the action of the Council in adopting it, without a dissenting voice, and trust that it may be made effective.

MANY CITIZENS.

Mr. C. Cornwell,

HAS been chosen Director for Ypsilanti, of the proposed Railroad. A wise choice.

Infanticide.

We call the especial attention of our readers and especially our female friends, to the article on the above subject from an able and candid physician in Battle Creek.

Prof. Pease's Concert.

The operetta, Enoch Arden, will take place at Union School Hall a week from Friday next, Feb. 12th.

The World Almanac

Lies on our table with the compliments of Manton Marble a work of great value to those wishing a complete political register of the past year, and a useful guide in astronomical matters and time table the year passing.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

MONDAY EVE., Jan. 25th, 1869.

Mayor in the Chair.

Present—Ald. Bogardus, Durand, Dwight, Forsyth, Gray, Guild, Heartt, Putney and Stuck.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

From J. W. Smith, asking privelege to erect, temperally, a one storied frame building on West side of Lot. No. 9, of the West Public Square.

Referred to Com. on Fire Dept., with instructions to report immediately.

From J. W. Flowers and others, asking that an alley be laid out and established on the North end of Lots No. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 12 and 13 in Stuck's addition.

Referred to Com. on Streets at Large.

From Wm. A. Allen and others asking that an ordinance be passed to prevent the hitching and feeding of teams on Washington St., near Congress St.

Referred to Com. on Ordinances.

From E. Van Pammel praying that the city taxes levied (and collected) on the Catholic School property in the rear of the Catholic Church be refunded.

Ald. Putney moved that the prayer of the petitioner be granted.

Ald. Stuck as a substitute moved that the matter be referred to City Att'y., to report as to legality of tax and power of Council to refund.

Substitute accepted and adopted.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

From Marshall a report of his nomination of Truman Elton for Deputy Marshal.

Report accepted and nomination confirmed.

From City Att'y. a report of fines collected for infractions of Ordinance relative to protection of Congress St. bridge, and the complainants who are entitled to one half the fine.

Report accepted and placed on file.

From City Att'y., to whom was referred the remonstrance of James Cosgrove and others against granting permission to Dr. Post to build a barn, on the rear of his lot, on Huron St., a report, that as Dr. Post abtained the consent of Council as required by Ordinance he has not contravened the provisions of Ordinance No. 16.

Accepted and placed on file.

From Auditor approved claims of

G. Lamb, Cl'k. of Elec.,	$ 2 00
J. M. Fersyth, Bd. of Reg. 2 days, Inspt. Elec. 1 day,	6 00
John Gilbert, making assessment roll and taking dog tax,	35 00
F. W. Cleveland, work on street crossings &c.,	49 37
J. Willard Babbitt, Clerk, Qr. Sal. ending Feb. 1, 1869,	75 00
C. N. Ganson, Treasurer,	25 00
J. E. Putney, Bd. Reg. 3 days, Inspt. Elec. 2 days, fire warden 1 day,	12 00
P. Case, use of building for election,	2 50

All unanimously ordered paid.

The special Com. to whom was referred the claim of Geo. S. Capwell for services as Surveyor report that they have examined the same and find it correct.

Report accepted and claim referred to Auditor.

The Com. on Gas Lights to whom the petition of Edward P. Walsh and others was referred, report favorably to the prayer of the petitioners.

Ald. Stuck moved to amend by adding that a lamp be placed at the junction of Ellis and Normal Streets. Lost. And the vote recurring on the original report was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Durand, Dwight, Forsyth, Gray—4.

Nays—Ald. Bogardus, Guild, Heartt, Putney and Stuck—5.

The Committe on Streets and Sidewalks, to whom was referred the matter in relation to the payment by Irwin Peck for repairs on sidewalk on the North side of River Street, report that they can find no street North of Forrest Avenue on the East side of the river, and therefore that it would be proper for Mr. Peck to pay for said repairs.

Tabled till next meeting.

From Committee on Ordinances a draft of an Ordinance to lay out and establish an alley in conformity to the petition of J. W. Flower and others.

Referred to Committee of the Whole and placed on general order.

From Committee on Fire Department, to whom was referred the petition of J. W. Smith a report granting the prayer of the petitioner and limiting the time the building shall be permitted to stand one year.

Accepted and adopted.

The special Committee to whom was committed the examination of the Charter for the purpose of reporting to this Council such amendments as they may deem wise and necessary beg leave to report the following amendments.

First: Section 94, striking out the words in the 5th line of said section "*one half of.*"

Sec. 95 adding the following after the words "Soldiers Bounties:" "Building or repairing bridges across the Huron river in said city and for the purposes of a fire department."

Sec. 97 striking out the words "*one mill*" in the eighth line of said section and inserting the words "*five mills.*"

They also recommend the amendment of Section 2 of Article No. 476 Session Laws 1867 so that it shall read as follows:

"The Common Council of the city of Ypsilanti is hereby authorrized to issue the Bonds of said city in such sums and for such amounts as they may deem necessary for the purpose of building bridges and repairing the same acrosss the Huron river in said city. Also for the purpose of a Fire Department in said city, provided that such Bonds shall not bear interest at a rate exceeding ten percentum and that a larger sum than *five thousand dollars* shall not be made payable in any one year.

JAMES A. DWIGHT, *Chairman.*

F. P. BOGARDUS, J. E. PUTNEY, } *Committee.*

CLAIMS PRESENTED.

P. Davis, cash paid for stamps for deeds,	$3 00
" " one day with Surveyor establishing grade of Grove Street, (Chairman),	2 00
	5 00
F. W. Cleveland, Marshal, quarter salary, ending February 1, 1869,	150 00
E. P. Allen, City Attorney, quarter salary, ending February 1, 1869,	25 00
B. Wright, Lamplighter, quarter salary, ending February 1, 1869,	48 00
O. E. Thompson, 5 cords wood for engine house,	25 00
" " sawing and piling same in engine house,	5 00
Prince Bennett, assisting Surveyor as rodman and leveling and measuring for iron bridge 4 days,	8 00

All referred to Auditor.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Guild,

Resolved, That the action of the Council in regard to the pole on the corner of Huron and Congress Sts., at the last meeting, be reconsidered.

Adopted.

By Ald. Gray,

Resolved, That all of that portion of Sec. 4, of Ordinance No. 9, relative to the suppression of gambling be strictly enforced.

Adopted.

By Ald. Heartt,

Resolved, That the Committee on Bridges be and are hereby instructed to inspect Cross Street bridge and report at next meeting of this Council what repairs are necessary to place the same in condition to withstand a Spring freshet.

Adopted.

On motion adjourned till Friday evening, January 29, 1869.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, *City Clerk.*

The American Cooking Stove Again in Court!

United States Court, Northern District of N. Y., Albany, Oct. 17, '68.

Jacob H. Shear and Joseph Packard, }
vs.
Zebulen Hunt and William J. Miller. }

The Hon. Samuel Nelson, Judge.

This suit was brought for infringing the patents on a Shaking or Vibrating Ash Sifter, and the combination of a Sifting and Ash Pan in the Hearth of a Cooking Stove, an injunction was granted restraining their use.—Messrs. Hunt & Miller have now arranged for a license, and will hereafter manufacture and sell under a license from us. All other persons are cautioned against manufacturing, selling or using Stoves with these improvements, as all infringements will be promptly prosecuted. SHEAR, PACKARD & CO.,

254m3 Albany, N. Y.

DR. S. I. TOBIAS'

Pulmonic Life Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OE

INCIPIENT CONSTMPTION, COUGHS, Colds, Croup, Asthma, Liver Complaints Dyspepsia, and General Debility. For several years I have been urged by kind friends, who have used and been benefited by my Life Syrup, to put it up for general sale; but few know the large expense, now that the country is flooded with Patent Medicines, which attend the same. For years past I was reluctant to do so, as the capital required would be large, and I did not wish to curtail the operations of my Venetian Liniment business. But thanks to the generous public, who have appreciated my Venetian Liniment I am now able to do so, without any detriment to my large business in that medicine. The foundation of my success I attribute to attending to the manufacture of every drop myself, and shall do the same in regard to my Pulmonic Life Syrup. The ingredients are perfectly harmless, but act on the Lungs and Liver with astonishing effect. Price 75 cents, Depot, No. 56 Courtlandt Street, New York. near Jersey City Ferry. Sold by the Druggists and Store keepers. 254 4-w

The American Cooking Stove.

ANOTHER PATENT SUIT.—We understand Messrs. Shear, Packard & Co. have been compelled to commence a suit against Hunt & Miller, of Hudson, for infringing the patent on the Ash Sifter in the American Cooking Stove. This is the fifth suit they have been compelled to bring against different parties for infringing the different patents on his Stove. The four previous suits have resulted favorably for S., P. & Co., and they are determined to follow up all cases of infringement until others cease from appropriating their improvements.—*Albany Evening Journal, July 29th, 1868.*

All persons are cautioned agianst selling or using Stoves with a Shaking Ash Sifter in the hearth, or under the grate, as this improvement is fully secured to us by five different Patents, and all persons selling or using Stoves with this improvement, will be liable to prosecution for infringement, as we have granted no licenses to other parties to make or sell this improvement, and all infringements will be promptly prosecuted.

SHEAR, PACKARD & CO.,
Albany, N. Y.

The American is for sale by BICKFORD & CAMP, Ypsilanti, Mich. 252-6m

Binding.

Parties having binding, will please leave it at our office previous to the first of every month.

COE'S COUGH BALSAM, the great popular remedy for coughs, colds, croup whooping cough and consumption. In connection with the ordinary 4 oz. size, Coe's Cough Balsam is now put up in mamoth family bottles, given by any others for $1. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medines. No family should be over night without it in the house. 217-1y

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE will imediately relieve and permanetly cures the most aggravated case of Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Sour Stomach, Constipation, and all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels, Physicians, clergymen, and all who use it, join in unbounded praise of its great virtues. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1. 217-1y

SUCCESSFUL, BECAUSE OF SUPERIOR Merit.—MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. 256-3w

The Markets.

Ypsilanti Market.

Flour, superior,	$9.00	Dressed Hogs,	200
Wheat,	1.09	and over,	12.50
Corn in ear,	.45	Hay, per ton,	$12@15.00
Corn, shelled,	.70	Hops,	.04
Oats,	.45	Onions,	1.20
Beans,	2.25	Potatoes,	.55
Butter,	.30	Wood, hard,	4.50
Eggs,	.25	Dried Apples,	.12
Cheese,	.17	Clover Seed,	8.50

Detroit Market.

Flour, superior, $9.50, medium, 8.50; Wheat, 1.65; Corn, 68; Oats, 55; Barley, per cwt., 4.00; Rye, 1.10; Beans, 2.50; Butter, 31c; Clover Seed, 9.50; Cheese, 21c; Dressed Hogs, 12.50; Eggs, 31; Hay, $18; Hops, 4c; Onions 1.25; Potatoes, 55c.

Chicago Market.

Flour, superior, $8.00; Spring do. $6; Wheat, spring, 1.13¼; Corn, 54c; Oats, 48c; Rye, 1.16; Barley, 1.70; Hogs, 12.50.

NO HUMBUG.—It is *warranted* to cure lost or impaired taste, smell, or hearing, watering or weak eyes, offensive breath, ulcerated throat or mouth, pain and pressure in the head, and loss of memory when caused as all of them frequently are by the ravages of Catarrh. It is pleasant and painless to use. contains no strong poisonous or caustic drugs but *cures by its mild, soothing action.*

We will pay $500 Reward for a case of Catarrh that we cannot cure.

FOR SALE BY MOST DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

PRICE ONLY 50 Cents.

If your druggist has not got it on sale, don't be put off with some worse than worthless strong snuff, "fumigator," or poisonous caustic solution, which will *drive the disease to the lungs* instead of curing it, but send 60 cents to us and the remedy will reach you by return mail. Four Packages, post paid, $2,00. 1 Dozen for $5,00.

Send a stamp for Dr. Sage's pamphlet on Catarrh. Address the Proprietor,

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

254m3

Notice to Tax-Payers.

I will be at Calvin C. Wheeler's, in the town of Salem, January 26th, 1869, to receive returns of Income of all those wishing to meet me there, for that purpose; and at Saline on 2d and 3d days of February, 1869.

The law requires all returns of Income to be made by the First day of March, 1869.

Those not making return by that time will have to pay the penalties the law requires.

At my office, south side Congress Street, Ypsilanti, Mich. ENOCH YOST,

255 Assistant Assessor.

Mortgage Sale.

JOSEPH HANER, Isabella Haner, his wife, and Barney P. Haner, by a mortgage dated the eighteenth day of September, in the year eighteen hundred sixty-two, duly mortgaged to Hiram P. Thompson, a parcel of land described in said mortgage as "All the West half of the North-east quarter of Section Thirty-two, in Township Four South of Range Seven East, in the State of Michigan." The said Mortgage, with the power of sale therein contained, was recorded on the Twentieth day of September, A. D. 1862, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber 29 of Mortgages, on page 653, in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, in said State. The amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice is Four hundred and Fifty dollars with interest thereon from the eighteenth day of September, A. D. 1866, at ten per cent. per annum, and default has been made in the payment thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises, at public vendue, at the south door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the twelfth day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated January 15, 1869.

HIRAM P. THOMPSON, Mortgagee.

T. NINDE, Attorney. 255w13

NEW

Meat Market,

FIRST DOOR WEST

OF

Coon's Furniture Store, South Side of Congress Street.

Thankful for the large amount of patronage that we have heretofore received from running our

MEAT WAGON

ON REGULAR DAYS,

Throughout the city. We now offer

FULL AND COMPLETE

Assortment of Meats!

AT OUR MARKET,

And also

FROM THE WAGON!

As heretofore,

Proprietors of Hotels, Boarding Houses, &c., Give us a Call

And Save Money.

ASA KELSEY.

Ypsilanti, Jany. 14, 1869, 255tf

BUY
CLOTHING
At POST'S.

BUY
DRY GOODS
AT POST'S.

BUY
OVERCOATS
AT POST'S.

BUY
BUSINESS COATS
AT POST'S.

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS
AT POST'S.

BOY'S PANTS AND VESTS
AT POST'S.

BOY'S CLOTHING
AT POST'S.

BUY
GOOD CLOTHING & DRESS GOODS
FOR
Christmas & New-Year's Presents
AT POST'S.

GROCERIES!

JENNESS & CAMPBELL

Having purchased the entire stock and lease of A. PLATT, we now offer to the public at

REDUCED PRICES

A large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES
AND
PROVISIONS!

With a variety of other goods. Call at the old stand and you will be satisfied that the best place to buy groceries is at

JENNESS & CAMPBELL'S.

Highest Cash Price paid for Produce.

JOHN S. JENNESS, JAMES T. CAMPBELL.

251w2

HEARTT & BRO.,

DEPOT

Hardware Store

ARE

Closing Out

Parlor Wood Stoves

At REDUCED Prices!

The "SOCIAL," three sizes, a beautiful Cottage Stove, with well proportioned drum.

The "ALASKA," oval, new pattern, takes the LARGEST wood; air-tight, and in appearance unusually attractive.

The "BELLE," and the "RUBY," 3 sizes, sheet-iron body, cast-iron top and base, with CAST-IRON Linings, both very neat patterns.

Call and SEE THEM.

For a COAL Stove!
GET THE BEST.
—THE—
'American Base Burner'

Adjustable Feed,
Reversible Flue,
BASE-HEATING STOVE.

Neat in Design, Compact in Form,

PERFECT IN OPERATION!

For sale by

Heartt & Bro.,

Sole Agts. for Ypsilanti, Depot Hardware Store.

"Descriptive Circulars," containing list of prices, furnished on application.

Would also refer to the following named citizens of Ypsilanti, who are USING the "AMERICAN BASE-BURNER,"

From whom the invariable testimony, voluntarily offered us, is, "We are every way satisfied," "Our Stove operates to perfection," "Works like a charm," &c.:

J. P. Drake,	Oak Street.
Dr. Wm. Pattison,	Huron "
Benj. Page,	Forest Ave., West.
S. A. Durand,	Norris Street.
J. A. Stebbins,	River "
Henry Bevier,	Mill "
Jos. Follmor,	" "
Wm. H. French,	Cross "

Heartt & Bro.,

Depot Hardware Store,

SELL

Cross Cut Saws,

"Corn Tooth,"
"Hook" Tooth, and
"Tuttle" Pat. Tooth.

Also, CABLE CHAIN

BOYS AND GIRLS,

Old and Young, Open your Eyes. We have the largest stock of

SKATES!

This side of Detroit. Don't forget, at

Heartt & Bro.,

240 Depot Hardware Store.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

The subscriber wishing to dispose of his property during the present year, offers for sale at

VERY LOW PRICES.

The lots and parcels of land situated on Congress, Summit, and Pearl Streets. And about thirty acres within the corporation, will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers for fruit growing and gardening, also his FINE RESIDENCE, cor. Summit and Congress Streets, built within the last year, and finished in a superior manner with all the modern improvements.

To parties wishing any of the above property a rare chance will be offered.

Terms; a small part down, the ballance on any time purchasers may wish.

WM. CROSS.

Also some First Class Mortgages For Sale. 248-3m.

THE GREAT

UNITED STATES TEA WAREHOUSE,

T. Y. KELLEY & CO.,

Nos. 26, 28 and 30, Vesey Street, New York.

HAVE APPOINTED

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Congress Street, Ypsilanti,

Agents for the sale of their Standard Teas and Coffees, put up in our patent air-tight packages.

PRICE LIST.

OOLONG, [Black,] 90, 1 00, 1 25, 1 50 per pound.
MIXED, [Green and Black,] 90, 1 00, 1 25 per pound.
YOUNG HYSON, [Green,] 1 00, 1 25, 1 50, 1 60, 1 75 per pound.
IMPERIAL, [Green,] 1 00, 1 25, 1 50, 1 65 per pound.
ENGLISH BREAKFAST, 90, 1 00, 1 20, 1 50 per pound.
JAPAN, 1 00, 1 25, [Uncolored Leaf 60 days from Japan, 1 40.
GUNPOWDER, 1 25, 1 50, 1 65, 1 80 per pound.
LONGAAR CHOP, [Something new, a Black Tea with a Green Tea flavor,] 1 50 per pound.

All our Teas are warranted to give satisfaction, or they can be returned, and money refunded. Consumers can make a positive saving of from 50 to 75 cents per pound by purchasing our teas. 245 3m

The Trading Fever!

HAS COMMENCED

IN YPSILANTI

Real Estate!

Made Almost Daily

Ypsilanti Real Estate Agency!

This is the season of the year when trades are made.

Now, if you have any property you wish to exchange for other;

Any Farm for City Property;

Any City Property for a Farm;

Any City Property for Western Lands;

Any Western Lands for City Property;

If you wish to make any kind of a trade, you will find a good opportunity for so doing,

AT THIS AGENCY.

Call and Examine what is left here to sell or exchange;

And leave anything you wish to exchange;

No charge to purchasers, and

No expense to any one until you have made your trade, and satisfactory to yourself.

The business of this Agency is to get the Seller and Purchaser Together!

Come in almost any day and you will find a purchaser looking for property.

Or, a rare chance to make money in buying or trading.

I have some choice

Western Lands

Just offered, to sell or Exchange;

Some choice city property to exchange for Western lands.

Some Timber Lands to Exchange.

Some well improved

FARMS

In the vicinity.

Charles Holmes, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Huron Street,

YPSILANTI.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.

People will buy goods where

GOODS ARE SOLD CHEAP

LAMBIE

Has constatly on hand a fine stock of

DRY GOODS,

Clothing, Hats, Carpets,

GROCERIES.

Stock kept full. Goods sold cheap. That's what tells.

Come and get a beautiful DRESS, or a nice and comfortable suit for Christmas and New Year's.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

Sir James Clarke's Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excssses and removes all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is particularly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity, and although very powerful, contains noching hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, it will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The pamphlet around each package has full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for it, sealed from all observation.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are extensively Counterfeited. The genuine have the name of "JOB MOSES" on each package. all others are worthless.

N. B.—One Dollar, with fifteen cents for postage, enclosed to the sole proprietor, JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt Street, New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents. 224-1y.

PLEASE CALL AT THE

SINGER

Sewing Machine Rooms,

Congress St., two doors West of the Hawkin's House, and examine before purchasing elsewhere, the SINGER SEWING MACHINE.

Also Dresses, Cloaks, and Children's and Boy's Clothing, made to order, at the

SINGER SEWING MACHINE ROOMS,

YPSILANTI, - - MICHIGAN.

248m3s2

LUMBER YARD

PARSONS' BROS.,

DEALERS IN

All Kinds of Pine Lumber!

TIMBER,

SCANTLING,

BARN BOARDS,

JOIST, FENCING,

DRESSED FLOORING,

DRESSED SIDING,

DRESSED CEILING

DRESSED FINISHING

Shingles, Lath, Posts, &c., &c.

Everything usaally kept in their line Long, or other timber, furnished on short notice,

YARD, SOUTH End of River Street,

Ypsilanti, Mich. 166

Insure Against Fire!

THE ENTERPRISE INSURAHCE CO.

CINCINNATI.

CA PTAL, $1,000,000.

SECURITY BY STATE LAW

DOUBLE THE CAPITAL

This Company has among its Stockholders some of the most reliable business men of Ohio, and is rapidly increasing its business.

MANHATTEN FIRE,
CORN EXCHANGE "
HOWARD "
MUTUAL LIFE, } NEW YORK.

CUTCHEON & ALLEN,

AGENTS,
No. 2, Arcade building,

SEWARD & BENTLEY'S

ALISMA FOR THE HAIR

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1,00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

1854

SEWARD'S COUGH CURE

A Safe and Speady Cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Don't neglect a severe Cough, or throw away money on a worthless medicine.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

SEWARD & BENTLEY'S

CONSTITUTION BITTERS.

The best Tonic in use

A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND

The Great New-England Remedy!

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND

IS now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of thirteen years in the New-England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND

CURES

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a Remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel, and other Complaints.

(From the Boston Journal.)

BOSTON, Jan. 20, 1866.

POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. — After having given it a thorough trial, we can confidently recommend *Poland's White Pine Compound* as a very valuable article for the cure of colds, coughs, and pulmonic complaints generally. In several cases, we have known it to give prompt relief when all other remedies which had been tried had failed. It is an article, which, in a climate so promotive of sudden and severe colds as is that of New England, ought to be in every family; and we are sure that those who once obtain it, and give it a fair trial, will not thereafter be willing to be without it.

A VALUABLE MEDICINE. — *Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound*, advertised in our columns, is a successful attempt to combine and apply the medicinal virtues of the White Pine bark. It has been thoroughly tested by people in this city and vicinity, and the proprietor has testimonials to its value from persons well known to our citizens. We recommend its trial in all those cases of disease to which it is adapted. It is for sale by all our druggists. — *N. Y. Independent.*

The *White Pine Compound* is now sold in every part of the United States and British Provinces.

PREPARED AT THE

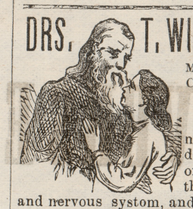
NEW-ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT,

BOSTON, MASS.

C. DAMON & CO., Proprietors.

FROST & WHEDON,
Agents, Ypsilanti.

DRS. T. WILLIAMS & Co's,



MEDICAL INSTITETE
Cor. East Water and Mason Sts.,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

A private establishment for treating all diseases of a chronic or special nature, of the throat, lungs, liver, and nervous system, and all affections of the urinary organs, and female diseases. Special attention to the diseases and deformities of the eye and ear. Hospital accommodations provided.

The Secret Monitor, on the physiology and diseases of the sexual system, containing sound medical advice on marriage, seminal weakness from early errors, the diseases of women, and all affections of a private nature 300 pages and 100 illustrations, sent in sealed wrapper for 50 cents. Letters of advice, circulars, and terms of treatment may be had on application by letter, enclosing stamp, and stating case. Address Drs. T. WILLIAMS & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

CARD.

Geo. C. Collins is at his old trade, the auction business, ready and glad to wait on his patrons, old and new. Will sell all kinds of goods or stock. Leave your order at his auction store, Congress street, under Cornwell & Hemphill's Bank.

PATTISON'S

STEAM

Printing House

Posters and

Programmes

ALL KINDS OF

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

SUCH AS

Bill Heads,

Cards,

Visiting Cards,

Circulars,

Receipts,

Contracts,

Labels

Briefs and Abstracts,

Catalogues,

Pamphlets,

Blanks

Bank Printing, &c.

In Black and Colored Inks.

FAST PRESSES!

And large quantities of Type in new and

elegant designs.

A Gold Carrier.

IN a late number of *Harper's Magazine* we find the following description of a Wall street character and a Wall street load:

All the bullion and coin of Wall street is carried about the streets in common, open carts, precisely such as are used in carrying ordinary merchandise. For twenty-two years past one carman, John C. Barkley, best known in the street as "Honest John," whose three carts stand at the busy corner of Wall and Broad streets, has done the carting for the bullion dealers and bankers of the city, any of whom would trust him in their vaults with treasure uncounted. Tall, robust and ruddy, Honest John has in his countenance precisely the expression which we should expect to see in the face of one who for so many years has bore so honorable a name. He began in the street twenty-seven years ago, and, after his fifth year, he became the established carman of the coin and bullion men. It is his carts that go to the California steamers and convey their kegs of gold to the vaults to which they are consigned. His carts assist to restore the financial balance between the two continents by conveying gold to and from the Cunard steamers in Jersey City. He has occasionally carried for short distances, down hill, a million dollars in gold, which weighs two tons; but his opinion is that seven hundred thousand dollars is about as much as a humane man will ever permit his horse to draw over these rough pavements for any considerable distance. On a busy day he will have as many as twenty loads of precious metals. A load of gold, when it goes across the town, is usually accompanied by a clerk of the house to which it belongs; but it often happens that Honest John is quite alone when he has as much gold on his cart as a horse can draw. For such service he gets higher compensation than when he carries an office desk or a load of printing paper; and, indeed he has the air of a man who could show a little gold and silver of his own if there were occasion.

Easy Lessons in Geography.

WE have several reasons for writing upon the earth, the principal one being the imperfect facilities afforded for getting upon any other planet to write. Nothing prevents our writing upon the sun or the moon except the difficulty of getting there.

It is estimated that about two-thirds of the surface of the globe is covered with water. Although millions of living creatures slake their thirst daily, the quantity of water has not been materially diminished for centuries past, at least not since the introduction of whiskey shops, which prove a great saving of water, and are therefore of immense benefit to navigation.

The greatest distance from the earth to the sun is 96,000,000 miles. A saving of 2,000,000 could be effected if a railroad should ever connect the two by taking the least distance. This would shorten the time consumed in running, and reduce the expense very materially.

The earth turns upon its axis, making one revolution every twenty-four hours, except in Mexico—there they have a revolution two or three times a day.

It ain't every fool of a planet that can get AROUND the sun. The earth does it, however. She would get round most anything.

The earth is not such a dismal place to live upon as many try to make it out. So far as our knowledge extends—and we probably know as much about it as anybody—it is far preferable to any of her sister planets as a permanent residence. At least, we are satisfied with it, and intend to remain here as long as we are "on earth."

A MARRIED woman, residing in Alleghany, Pennsylvania, adopted a novel and very effectual plan for avenging abuses received at the hands of her husband. It would seem that the husband is generally very kind, but unfortunately has a weakness for the ardent. When intoxicated he is very harsh in his treatment, and his wife is frequently obliged to seek refuge in the houses of neighbors to escape personal abuse. Matters have been in this condition for some time past, and the wife bore the ill-treatment until forbearance ceased to be a virtue. She determined upon revenge. One night last week the husband came home intoxicated, and according to usual custom, proceeded to abuse his wife. She escaped, however, and remained in a neighbor's house until the husband had retired. She then returned home, and securing a rope, firmly pinioned the husband. After having secured him so that it was impossible for him to offer any resistance, the wife proceeded to chastise her husband in a most vigorous manner, and repaid with interest all the abuse she had received. The husband cried out with pain, implored a cessation of hostilities, and was profuse in his promises of the kindest treatment in the future. The wife, however, did not desist until she felt confident that the chastisement would be remembered.

HOW TO CURE A COLD.—The moment a man is satisfied he has taken cold, let him do three things: First, eat nothing; second, go to bed in a warm room and cover up; third, drink as much cold water as he can; and in three cases out of four, he will be well in thirty-six hours. To neglect a cold for forty-eight hours after the cough commences, is to place himself beyond cure, until the cold has run its course, of about a fortnight. Warmth keeps the pores of the skin open, and relieves it of the surplus which oppresses it, while abstinence cuts off the supply of material for phlegm which would otherwise be coughed up.

WHILE ten men watch for chances, one man makes chances; while ten men wait for something to turn up, one turns up something; so while ten fails, one succeeds and is called a man of luck, the favorite of fortune. There is no luck like pluck, and fortune most favors those who are most indifferent to fortune.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases
OF THE
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from Alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, etc., is very apt to become deranged. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from one or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the Appetite is Strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes clear and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson.

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

I consider Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable* tonic in cases of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr Jackson—Dear Sir I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and specially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly,

E. D FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,
German Druggist, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle $1 00
" " half dozen 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, 1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for..... 7 50

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

FOR SALE AT ALL

DRUG STORES.

B. C. WRIGHT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

COAL!

will keep constantly on hand a large stock of

BLOSSBURG,
LEHIGH,
GRATE,
EGG,
STOVE,
CHESTNUT,
BRIAR HILL,
CHIPPEWA,
SCREENINGS,
and STERLING NUT.

Also pays the

HIGHEST PRICE!

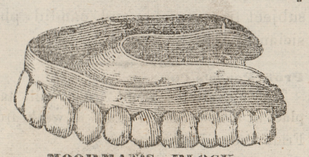
For all kinds of

PRODUCE.

Please leave your orders at my office, east end Follett Block, Ypsilanti. 237-3w.

ALDERMAN, BROS.,

DENTISTS,



MOORMAN'S BLOCK,

Over Cornwell & Hemphill's Bank Corner of Congress & Huron Streets

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BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

OVER ALL COMPETITORS.

BARRETT'S
Vegetable
HAIR RESTORATIVE

Was decided by the N. H. State Fair and is now conceded by the public to be the very best Preparation for Restoring Gray or faded Hair to its original color; promoting its Growth, eradicating Humors and Dandruff, and for Dressing and Beautifying the Hair. It is free from poisonous drugs, does not stain the finest fabric, and leaves the Scalp CLEAN, the Hair RICH, and GLOSSY.

THE ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED.

Every Bottle Warranted.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

FARRAND SHELEY & Co.
WHOLESALE Agts. DETROIT.
And FOR SALE by all Druggists in Ypsilanti 282 1y

NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS,
APPROVED JULY, 25, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000
PAID IN FULL

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed,

OFFICERS:

LARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company, National in its character, offers by reason of its large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends, and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holder.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented, which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a few years, *an annual income equal to ten per cent.* (10 *per cent.*) *of the par of his policy.* In the latter, the Company agrees *to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.*

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Com any.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company,

S. A. KEAN & CO.,
Detroit. Mich.,

General Agents for Michigan and Northern Indiana.

MILLER & WEBSTER, Ann Arbor, Michigan, Special Agents for Washtenaw, Jackson, Livingston, Ingham & Wayne Counties. 247 1y

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S. C. ROWLEY,

PORK PACKER

Also,

CURER OF SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
AND

PRODUCE DEALER

West End Iron Bridge.

Bring on your Pork, Wheat, Oats, Corn, Apples,—all kinds of Produce. Highest market price paid.

Ypsilanti, Dec. 12, 1868. 250tf

We don't mean to be beat on nice wedding and visiting cards.

Michigan Central Railroad.

1868. 1868.

ON and after June 29th, 1868, Passenger trains will run as follows;

TRAINS WESTWARD

	Mail	Day Exp	Ev'g. Exp	Night Exp	Dex. Acc
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M
DETROIT, l've,	7:20	11:10	5:25	10:20	4:10
Wayne,	8:15	.....	6:20	....	5:05
YPSILANTI,	8:50	12:23	6:50	11:40	5:40
Ann Arbor,	9:15	1:00	7:20	12:00	6:05
Dexter,	9:45	1:20	7:45	——	6:35
Chelsea,	10:05	——	8:05	——	——
	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	
Jackson,	11:10	2:20	9:05	1:30	——
	P.M.		A.M.		
CHICAGO, ARr.	9:05	10:02	6:30	10:03	——

DEXTER ACCOMMODATION.—To Dexter Daily except Sundays. Leaves Jackson Mondays only.

TRAINS EASTWARD.

	Mail	Day Exp	Ev'g. Exp	Night Exp	Dex Acc
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M	P.M	A.M
CHICAGO, l've,	5:00	8:00	4:30	9:00	——
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.
Jackson,	2:20	3:45	12:45	5:10	——
Chelsea,	3:20	——	——	6:03	——
Dexter,	3:40	4:38	——	6:20	6:40
Ann Arbor,	4:10	5:00	2:07	6:45	7:15
YPSILANTI,	4:35	5:20	2:30	7:15	7:40
Wayne,	5:05	——	——	7:40	8:15
DETROIT, Arr.	5:55	6:30	3:45	8:30	9:05

DEXTER ACCOMMODATION—To Detroit daily, except Saturdays and Sundays.

Trains leave Jackson for Mason, Lansing Owosso, &c., 6:15, 8:15 a. m., and 4:15 p. m.

H. E. SARGENT,
Gen. Supt.
Chicago.

W. K. MUIR,
Asst. Gen. Supt.
Detroit.

Erie Railway

The Broad Guage

☞ Double-Track Route to

NEW-YORK, BOSTON,

And New-England Cities.

THIS RAILWAY EXTENDS FROM

Buffalo to New-York 423 Miles,
Dunkirk to New-York 460 Miles,
Salamanca to New-York 415 Miles

AND IS FROM

☞ **22 to 27 Miles the Shortest Route.**

All trains run directly through to New-York,

423 Miles Without Change of Coaches.

From and after Nov. 23d, 1868, Trains will leave in connection with all Western Lines, as follows:

FROM BUFFALO—By New-York from Time Depot cor. Exchange and Michigan Sts.

5.25 A. M. New-York Day Express, (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Hornellsville 9.10 a. m., (Bkft.); Susquehanna 2.32 p. m.,(dine Turner's 8.20 p. m., (Sup.), and arrives in New-York 10.40 p. m. Connects at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and at Jersey City with Midnight Express Train of New-Jersey Railroad for Philadelphia.

7.30 A. M. Express Mail, via Avon and Hornellsville (Sundays excepted.) Arrives in New-York at 7.40 a. m.

2.50 P. M. Lightning Express (Daily.) Stops at Hornellsville 6.15 p. m. (Supper,) and arrives in New-York 7.40 a. m. Connects at Elmira with Northern Central Railway for Harrisburg and the South, and at Jersey City with Morning Express Train of New-Jersey Railway for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

6.00 P. M. New-York Night Express (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Portage 8.50 p. m., (supper) intersecting at Hornelsville with the 5.50 p. m. Train from Dunkirk, and arrives in New-York at 1.40 p. m.

11.20 P. M. Cincinnati Express, (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Susquehanna 7.58 a. m., (Bkft.); Turner's 1.50 p. m.,(Dine), and arrives in New York at 4.15 p. m. Connects at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and at Jersey City with Afternoon and Evening Trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

From DUNKIRK and SALAMANACA, by Few-York Time from Union Depots:

6.20 A. M. New-York Day Express, from Salamanaca, (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Hornelsville 9.15 a. m., (Bkft.) intersecting with the 5.25 a. m. Day Express from Buffalo, stopping and connecting as above, arriving in New-York at 10.40 p. m.

7.30 A. M. Express Mail, from Dunkirk (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Salamanaca 10 a. m., and connects at Hornellsville and Corning with the 7.30 a. m. Express Mail from Buffalo, and arrives in New-York at 7.40 a. m.

3.25 P. M. Lightning Express, from Salmanaca, [Sundays excepted.] Stops at Hornellsville 6.14 p. m., [Sup.] intersecting with the 2.50 p. m. train from Buffalo, stopping and connecting as above, arriving in New-York at 7.40 a. m.

5.50 P. M. New-York Night Express, from Dunkirk, [Sundays excepted.] Stops at Salamanaca 7.40 p. m.; Olean 8.15 p. m. [Sup.]; Turner's 11.08 a. m. [Bkft.], and arrives in New-York at 1.40 p. m. Connects at New York with Afternoon Trains and Steamers for Boston and New-England cities.

Only one train East on Sunday, leaving Buffalo at 2.50 p. m., and reaching New-York at 7.40 a. m.

Boston and New-England Passengers, with their baggage, are transferred *free of charge* in New-York.

☞ To pleasure travelers the line of the Erie Railway presents many objects of interest, passing through the beautiful valleys of the Chemung, Susquehanna, Delaware and Ramapo Rivers, an everchanging panorama of nature's beanties commands attention.

The best Ventilated and Most Luxurious Sleeping Coaches ☞ in the World, ☜ accompany all night trains on this Railway.

Baggage Checked Through, and Fare

Always as Low as by any other Route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Erie Railway Which can be obtained at all Principal Ticket Offices in the West and South-West.

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WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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